Claims 2 through 5 and 7 through 9 are canceled without prejudice. New Claim 10 is added and Claim 1 is presented in amended form. Thus, by this Amendment, Claims 1, 6 and 10 are presented for examination.

The Examiner has rejected all claims of the application as filed. Claims 1, 5 and 7 are rejected as allegedly anticipated by either of the United States patents of Webb et al. or Whitney. Claim 7 is additionally rejected as allegedly anticipated by the United States patents of Milbury or Young. Claims 7 and 8 are rejected as allegedly anticipated by the United States patent of Marker et al. Claims 7 through 9 are rejected as allegedly anticipated by the United States patent of Reese. Claims 2 through 4, 6, 8 and 9 are rejected as allegedly obvious in view of either Webb et al. or Whitney. For reasons set forth below, the pending claim rejections are clearly overcome by the amended set of claims presented herein.

Applicant's attorney has amended Claim 1 to more clearly define the tool of the invention while new Claim 10 defines the invention as a system for selectively securing an auxiliary seat to an automobile seat. While the Examiner raised

As presently defined, it is made clear that the tool of the invention is formed of a single integral rod. Such term is intended to be accorded the following meaning taken from Merriam Webster's Collegiate Dictionary (10<sup>th</sup> Ed.) "A slender bar (as of wood or metal)". Of course, the rod of the present invention may also be formed of plastic. By employing such a basic element as building block, the claimed invention provides a highly advantageous alternative to either of the solutions mentioned above.

Of the remaining cited prior art, the most relevant are those of Young and Whitney. Each is based upon a rod formed into a structure adapted to the particular needs of a task that is remote from that addressed by the present invention. As such, it is not surprising that the forms of the Young and Whitney tools differ from that of the invention as presently claimed. Nor is it surprising that neither patent contains any hint of adaptability to the application to which the present invention is addressed. For example, in Young, the portion of the tool that corresponds to the Applicant's elongated straight member is not straight. In Whitney, the plane containing handle portion 32 and distal end 42 is clearly not orthogonal to the plane of the contour 48.

For the foregoing reasons, all presently-pending claims define patentable subject matter. Prompt allowance and issuance of all such claims are therefore earnestly solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

Elliott N. Kramsky
Registration No.

Registration No. 21,812

Attorney for Applicant 5850 Canoga Avenue, Suite 400

Woodland Hills, CA 91367

Ph: (818) 992-5221 Fx: (818) 710-2751